

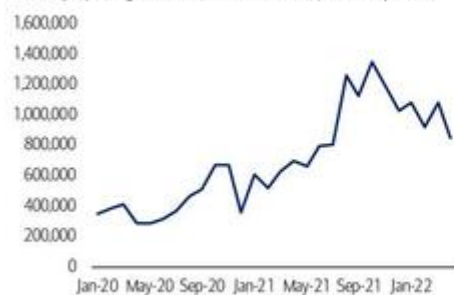
Company Layoff Announcements				
	Announcement Date	Company	Sector	Estimated Number
1	2/8/2022	Peloton	Tech	2,800
2	4/19/2022	Better	Real Estate	3,000
3	4/19/2022	Blend	Real Estate	200
4	4/19/2022	Wells Fargo	Financial	N/A
5	4/26/2022	Robinhood	Tech	380
6	4/28/2022	Netflix/Tudum	Streaming	25
7	4/29/2022	GoPuff	Grocery	400
8	4/29/2022	Noom	Tech	495
9	5/3/2022	BitPay	Fintech	30% Staff
10	5/4/2022	Cameo	Tech	87
11	5/5/2022	Minuteman	Fintech	84

“We Could See A Million Layoffs Or More” – Here Comes The Job Market Shock

Description

USA: Last weekend we [showed something remarkable](#) (or delightful, if one is a stock bull): with the US economy on the verge of recession, with [inflation topping](#), with the housing market about to crack, the last pillar holding up the US economy (and preventing the Fed from continuing its tightening plans beyond the summer), the job market, had just hit a brick wall as revealed by real-time indicators – such as Revello’s measure of total job postings – which plunged by 22.5%, the biggest change on record (we also listed several other labor market metrics confirming that [the job market was about to crater](#)).

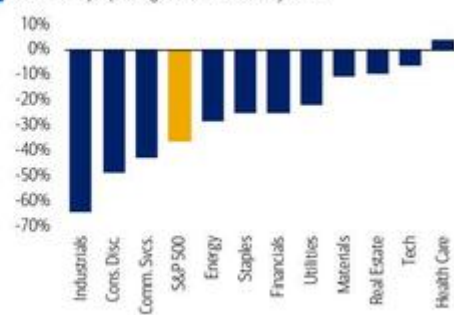
Exhibit 13: New job postings for the S&P 500 are down sharply from the October 2021 peak...
of new job postings each month for the S&P 500 (Jan 2020-Apr 2022)



Source: Revello Labs, BofA Global Research

BOFA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 14: ...led by Industrials and Consumer Discretionary
% decline in job postings vs. October 2021 by sector



Source: Revello Labs, BofA Global Research

BOFA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Fast forward to today when one day after we found that initial jobless claims continue to rise after hitting a generational low in March, and as company after company is warning that it will freeze hiring amid a historic profit margin crunch – if not announce outright layoff plans – Piper Sandler has compiled all the recent company mass layoff announcements. They are, in a word, startling.

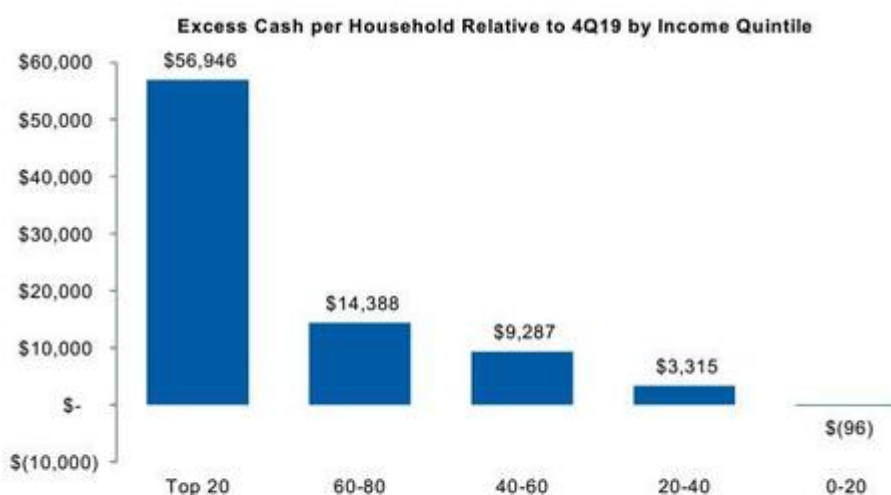
Company Layoff Announcements				
	Announcement Data	Company	Sector	Estimated Number
1	2/8/2022	Peloton	Tech	2,800
2	4/19/2022	Better	Real Estate	3,000
3	4/19/2022	Blend	Real Estate	200
4	4/19/2022	Wells Fargo	Financial	N/A
5	4/26/2022	Robinhood	Tech	380
6	4/28/2022	Netflix/Tudum	Streaming	25
7	4/29/2022	GoPuff	Grocery	400
8	4/29/2022	Noom	Tech	495
9	5/3/2022	BizPay	Fintech	30% Staff
10	5/4/2022	Cameo	Tech	87
11	5/5/2022	Mainstreet	Fintech	50
12	5/5/2022	Meta	Tech	Hiring Freeze
13	5/5/2022	On Deck	Tech	72
14	5/10/2022	Thrasio	E-commerce	N/A
15	5/10/2022	Reef Technology	Tech/Grocery	750
16	5/10/2022	Sezzle	Fintech	20% of N. American Staff
17	5/11/2022	DataRobot	AI	70
18	5/12/2022	Carvana	Auto	2,500
19	5/12/2022	Twitter	Tech	Hiring Freeze
20	5/13/2022	Latch	Tech - SaaS	30
21	5/13/2022	Section4	Tech - Education	32
22	5/17/2022	Wayfair	E-commerce	Hiring Freeze (90 days)
23	5/17/2022	Scholar Rock	Biotech	25% of workforce
24	5/17/2022	Netflix	Tech - Streaming	150
25	5/20/2022	Exact Sciences	Biotech	3% Global Workforce
26	5/20/2022	Zulily	E-commerce	99 (10%)
27	5/20/2022	Vroom	Auto, E-commerce	270
28	5/20/2022	Outside Inc.	Media	15% of Workforce
29	5/20/2022	Skillz	Tech - Gaming	70
30	5/23/2022	PayPay	FinTech	83
31	5/23/2022	Klarna	FinTech	650 (10%)
32	5/23/2022	Pennymac	Financial - Mtg	207
33	5/24/2022	Gorillas	Tech - Grocery	300

Commenting on the surge in layoffs, Piper Sandler's chief economist Nancy Lazar says that "post-covid rightsizing means that lots more layoffs are coming" and adds that "many companies overhired and overpaid during the Covid crisis." Lazar also points out the obvious, that "the stay-at-home bubble was a bubble, and not a "new paradigm" of goods consumption" which means that **"a right-sizing cycle is coming, with weaker growth in jobs and wages."**

Here are the stunning implications according to Piper Sandler:

- We could see a million layoffs or more, as many goods sectors that benefited from the pandemic now realize they added too much capacity (as involuntary admissions make clear).
- **Low-income workers – who enjoyed the hottest wage gains during the crisis – are now most at risk of layoffs**, with remaining job holders to see much slower wage growth.
- **Payrolls gains are poised to downshift to just 100k/month on average in the second half of the year**, from about 515k/month through April.

While the above implications are startling for the US economy as a whole, they are especially bad for America's poorest quintile which, according to Morgan Stanley calculations, now have less "excess cash" than they did pre-covid. In other words, the poorest 20% income quintile is now poorer than it was before Biden's massive stimmy bonanza. And with every passing month, more quintile will get dragged underneath.



Source: Federal Reserve, Morgan Stanley Research. Note: Data as of December 2021

Of course, the US labor market doesn't need to go into all-out cardiac arrest – a sharp drop in wage growth should do it. And sure enough, according to a [Bloomberg report today](#), after handing out hefty salary increases over the past year, companies are now becoming **more cautious with their cash over concern further big payouts will eat into profits**, according to staffing companies, business owners and recent surveys.

"We've reached a level of wage inflation where employers are going to say, 'I've done as much as I can,'" said Jonas Prising, chief executive officer of ManpowerGroup Inc., the Milwaukee-based staffing company that serves more than 100,000 clients worldwide. "My consumers and customers aren't going to accept me passing these costs on any further, so we need to start to mitigate them."

Burning Glass Institute Chief Economist Gad Levanon said the US is transitioning from a pandemic-driven job market — where many Americans weren't actively seeking work due to fears of the virus and related issues — to one that is more traditionally tight because unemployment is low. "Every company

still needs people but they don't need hundreds of people," said Tom Gimbel, chief executive officer of Chicago-based employment agency LaSalle Network. "They're being choosier about who they're hiring than they were six months ago."

Beveridge Well Drilling Inc. is among those feeling the pinch. The Nebraska-based company is offering an hourly wage of \$16.50 for manual labor, up from \$12 about a year ago. But even with "100%" health care benefits and other generous perks, it can't fill all the open slots, vice president of construction Brandon Jones said.

And while the firm could bump up its offers to about \$18 an hour, that's "about as high as we feel we can do" against the backdrop of rising fuel and supply costs, Jones said.

All of which begs the question: yes, Biden may be terrified about soaring inflation....

Biden about to find out what polls worse: recession and bear market or runaway inflation.

— zerohedge (@zerohedge) [May 20, 2022](#)

... but how long will he tolerate an economy (and how long will an economic tolerate **him**) where millions are not only about to see their wages "revert back to normal" if they are lucky, while many other millions are about to lose their jobs.

As for the Fed, well with the Citi US Eco surprise index already crashing...



... one can only imagine where it will go **not if but when** we get a negative payrolls print in one of the coming months, and what that will do to the Fed's hiking plans.

Full notes available to [professional subs in](#) the usual place.

by Tyler Durden

Category

1. Economy-Business-Fin/Invest
2. Main

Date Created

05/30/2022