

Swimming Governing Body Bans Males Who Have Undergone Puberty from Competing as Women

Description

USA: Fina, the group that governs swimming competitions worldwide, has minted new rules that exclude males who have experienced puberty from women's competitions.

It appears that swimming has finally jumped into action to prevent the rise of another Lia Thomas.

The organization has now <u>ruled</u> that males who experienced puberty will be ineligible to compete as women and that only transgender athletes who claim to have transitioned from male to female before the age of 12 years will be allowed to compete, as women the BBC reported.

The group also decided to create new trans categories.

Seventy-one percent of Fina's 152 members voted at its general congress to implement this new rule.

Fina tried to color the new policy as a way to implement "full inclusion" but not at the cost of "competitive fairness."

"Fina's approach in drafting this policy was comprehensive, science-based and inclusive, and, importantly, Fina's approach emphasized competitive fairness," said Fina executive director Brent Nowicki.

Fina President Husain Al-Musallam also noted that the rule aims to assure fairness.

"Fina will always welcome every athlete," Al-Musallam said. "The creation of an open category will mean that everybody has the opportunity to compete at an elite level. This has not been done before, so Fina will need to lead the way. I want all athletes to feel included in being able to develop ideas during this process."

Still, despite the way Fina presented the rule, LGBTQ activists rightly saw the rule as limiting transgender athletes, not expanding their participation. The left-wing group Athlete Ally, for instance, called the new rule "discriminatory."

FINA's new eligibility criteria for transgender athletes and athletes with intersex variations is discriminatory, harmful, unscientific and not in line with the 2021 IOC principles. If we truly want to protect women's sports, we must include all women. https://t.co/MDjrWB6GrU

— Athlete Ally (@AthleteAlly) June 19, 2022

The rule, for instance, would have prevented UPenn swimmer Lia Thomas from running rampant through the women's college record books and winning the NCAA championships this year.

Lia Thomas just took first place at the 2022 NCAA Division 1 Women's Swimming & Diving Championships in the 500 freestyle. #SaveWomensSports pic.twitter.com/UWvDQMYHRJ

— Colin Wright (@SwipeWright) March 17, 2022

But the rules could have even more far-reaching consequences if the Olympics adopts them, too. For the most part, the Olympics have adopted the rules set by individual sports governing bodies. So, if the International Olympics Committee adopts Fina's new guidelines, it will end Lia Thomas' dreams of becoming a member of the U.S. Olympic team.

In a recent interview, Thomas <u>exclaimed</u> that transgender athletes are not a threat to women's sports. But with its new rules, Fina clearly disagrees.

EXCLUSIVE: "Trans people don't transition for athletics. We transition to be happy and authentic and our true selves."

Transgender swimmer Lia Thomas speaks out to <a>@JujuChangABC about backlash and future plans to compete. <a>https://t.co/UFQOgMNBLj pic.twitter.com/FJcmyEChi9

— Good Morning America (@GMA) May 31, 2022

During the meetings over the rules, Fina members heard from several scientists, doctors, and experts who said that puberty bestows clear advantages to the male body.

"Testosterone in male puberty alters the physiological determinants of human performance and explains the sex-based differences in human performance, considered clearly evident by age 12," said Dr. Michael Joyner, a physiologist and human performance expert. "Even if testosterone is suppressed, its performance enhancing effects will be retained."

"By 14 years or older, the difference between boys and girls is substantial. That's due to the advantages experienced due to the physiological adaptations in testosterone and the possession of the Y chromosome," added physiologist expert Dr. Sandra Hunter. "Some of these physical advantages are structural in origin such as height, limb length, heart size, lung size and they will be

retained, even with the suppression or reduction of testosterone that occurs in the transition from male to female."

Several other experts noted that the new transgender categories would allow transgender athletes to compete while protecting the integrity of all-female categories.

by WARNER TODD HUSTON

Category

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